

Uniting the world against **AIDS**



## UNAIDS Second Independent Evaluation

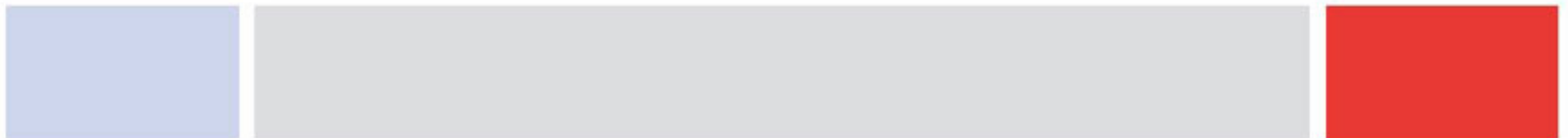
### Stakeholder Workshop on the Draft Inception Report

15 – 16 September 2008



# *Second Independent Evaluation of UNAIDS*

1. Background
2. The first evaluation (2001-2002)
3. What has changed since first evaluation?
4. Challenges for this « Second Independent Evaluation »



# Background

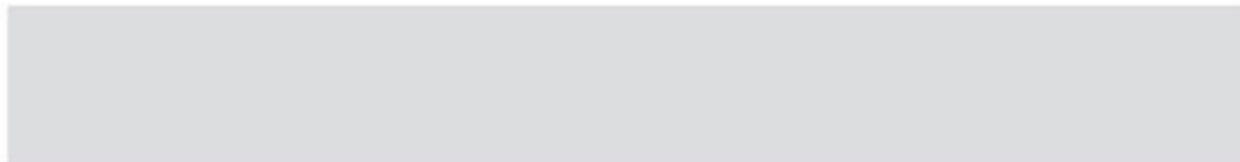


- In June 2007, the UNAIDS Program Coordinating Board (PCB) in Recommendation 5.1, requested that...

***“an independent evaluation of UNAIDS be carried out in order to reassess priorities, determine how to build on achievement and understand how UNAIDS can play a more effective role in the future in strengthening global coordination on HIV/AIDS”***

**and**

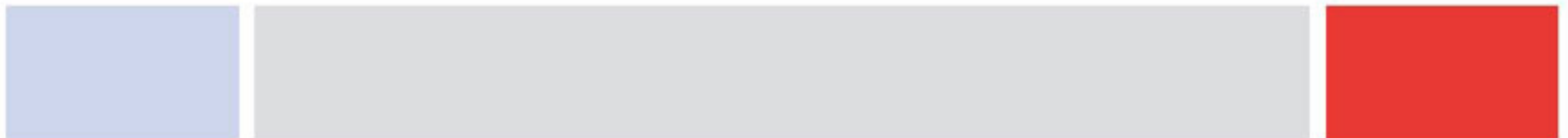
***“requested the PCB Bureau to prepare the process and mechanisms, including terms of reference, for the independent evaluation and submit these for approval to the 21st PCB.”***



# *Specific questions to be addressed by the Evaluation*



- 1. The evolving role of UNAIDS within a changing environment**
- 2. Governance of UNAIDS**
- 3. The response to the Five Year Evaluation**
- 4. The interaction between Secretariat, Cosponsors, Agencies and Countries**
- 5. The administration of the Joint Programme**
- 6. Delivering as One**
- 7. Involving and working with civil society**
- 8. Gender dimensions of the epidemic**
- 9. Technical support to national AIDS responses**
- 10. Human rights**
- 11. The greater and meaningful involvement of people living with HIV**

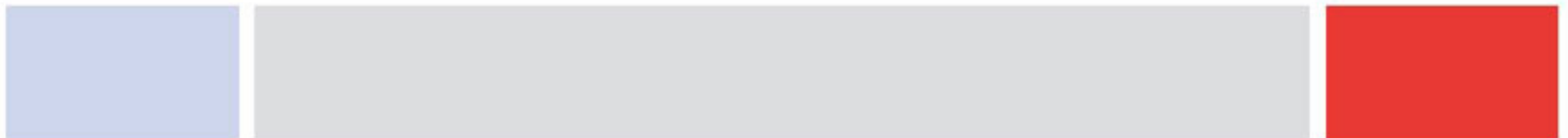


# ***Scope of the Evaluation***



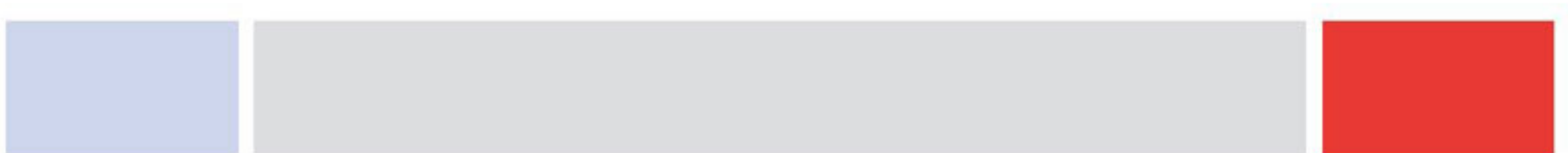
***The Evaluation should focus on the Joint Programme and its performance as a whole at HQ, regional and country levels:***

- 1. The Joint Programme as an organizational and administrative entity;**
- 2. The UNAIDS Secretariat coordinating the work of the Joint Programme; and**
- 3. A selection of key areas and activities chosen according to their importance and prominence.**



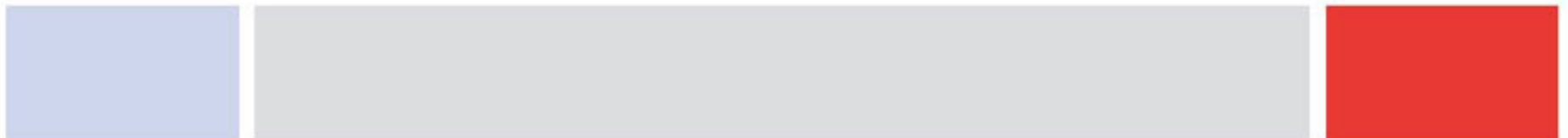
## ***Revised timeline***

- **Timetable anticipates Evaluation will be finished September 2009**
- **Will enable UNAIDS to have initial response October 2009**
- **Final Report and initial response to be discussed at PCB December 2009**



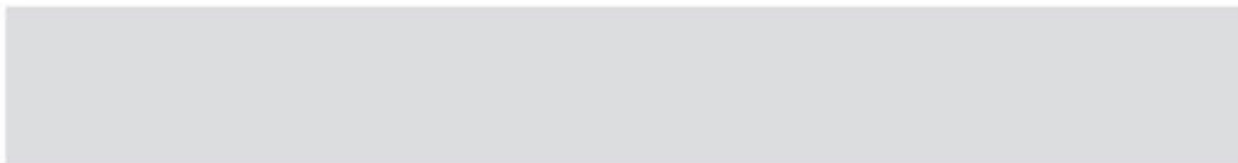
# *Beginnings*

- UNAIDS was designed to build on GPA and answer criticisms of shortcomings:
  - Improve collaboration among UN agencies
  - Overcome problems of response at national level
  - Provide a better service by the UN system agencies to national governments
  - Address the multisectoral nature of the response



# *What has changed since the first evaluation?*

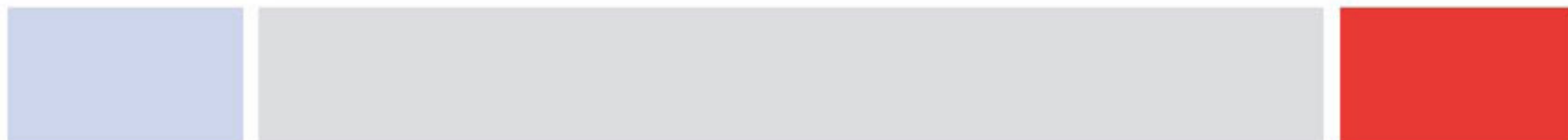
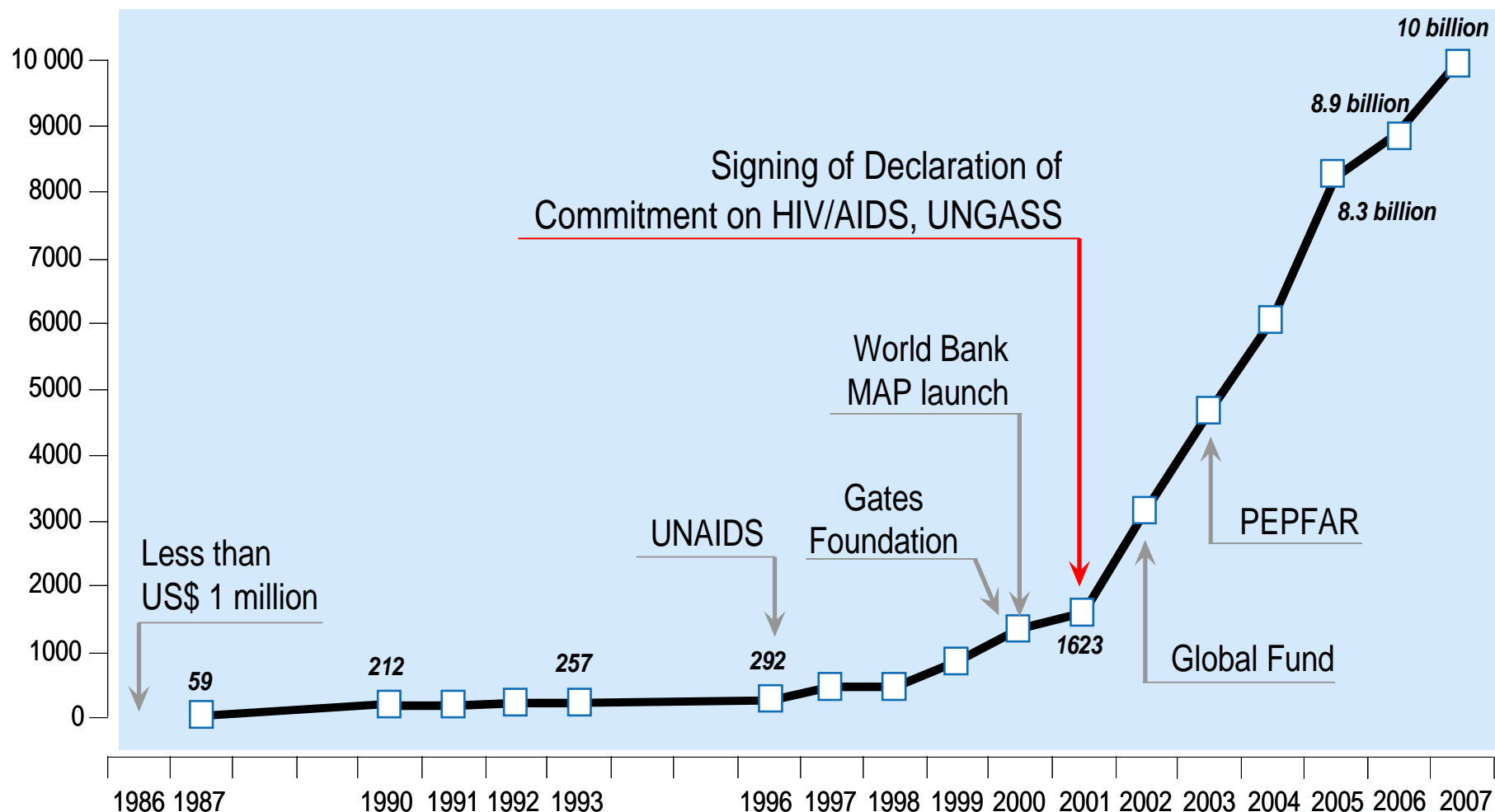
- **Level of resources and multiple funding sources**
- **Expanded partners**
- **UN reform**
- **Availability of data**
- **State of the epidemic**
- **Nature and scale of the response**
  - **New interventions (PMTCT, ART, male circumcision, TB Rx,)**
- **External environment**
  - **Vertical versus horizontal programmes**
  - **Health sector strengthening**
  - **Level of resources for specific diseases**
  - **Other major issues (climate change, economic crisis, etc)**



# Total annual resources available for AIDS, 1986–2007



US\$ million



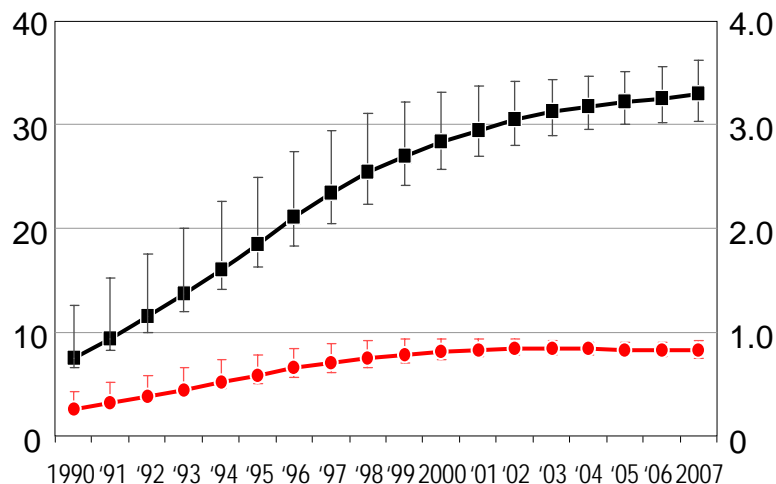
# Estimated number of people living with HIV and adult HIV prevalence

## Global HIV epidemic, 1990–2007; and, HIV epidemic in Sub-Saharan Africa, 1990–2007

### Global HIV epidemic, 1990–2007

Number of people living with HIV (millions)

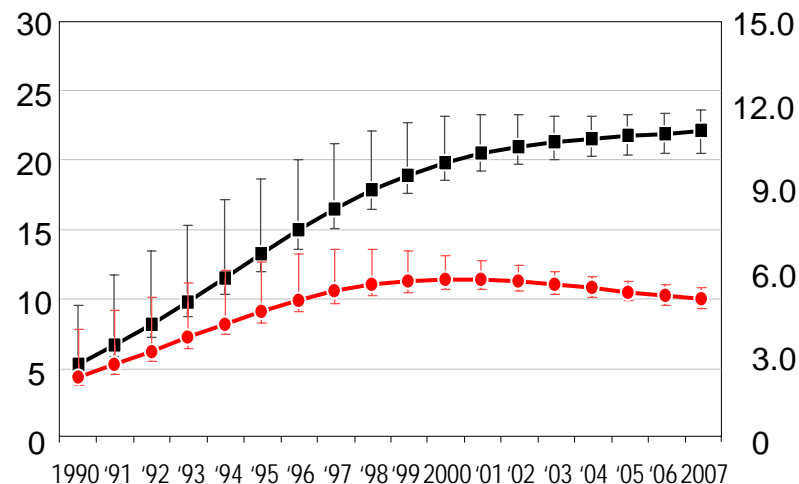
% HIV prevalence, adult (15–49)



### HIV epidemic in Sub-Saharan Africa, 1990–2007

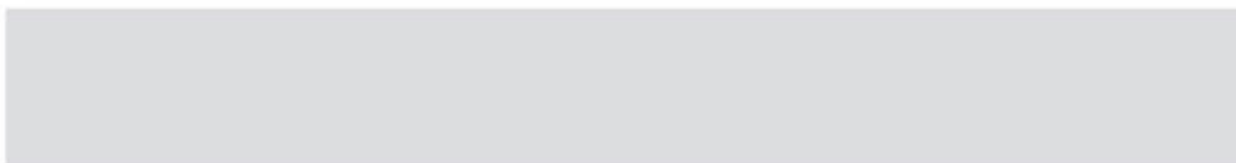
Number of people living with HIV (millions)

% HIV prevalence, adult (15–49)

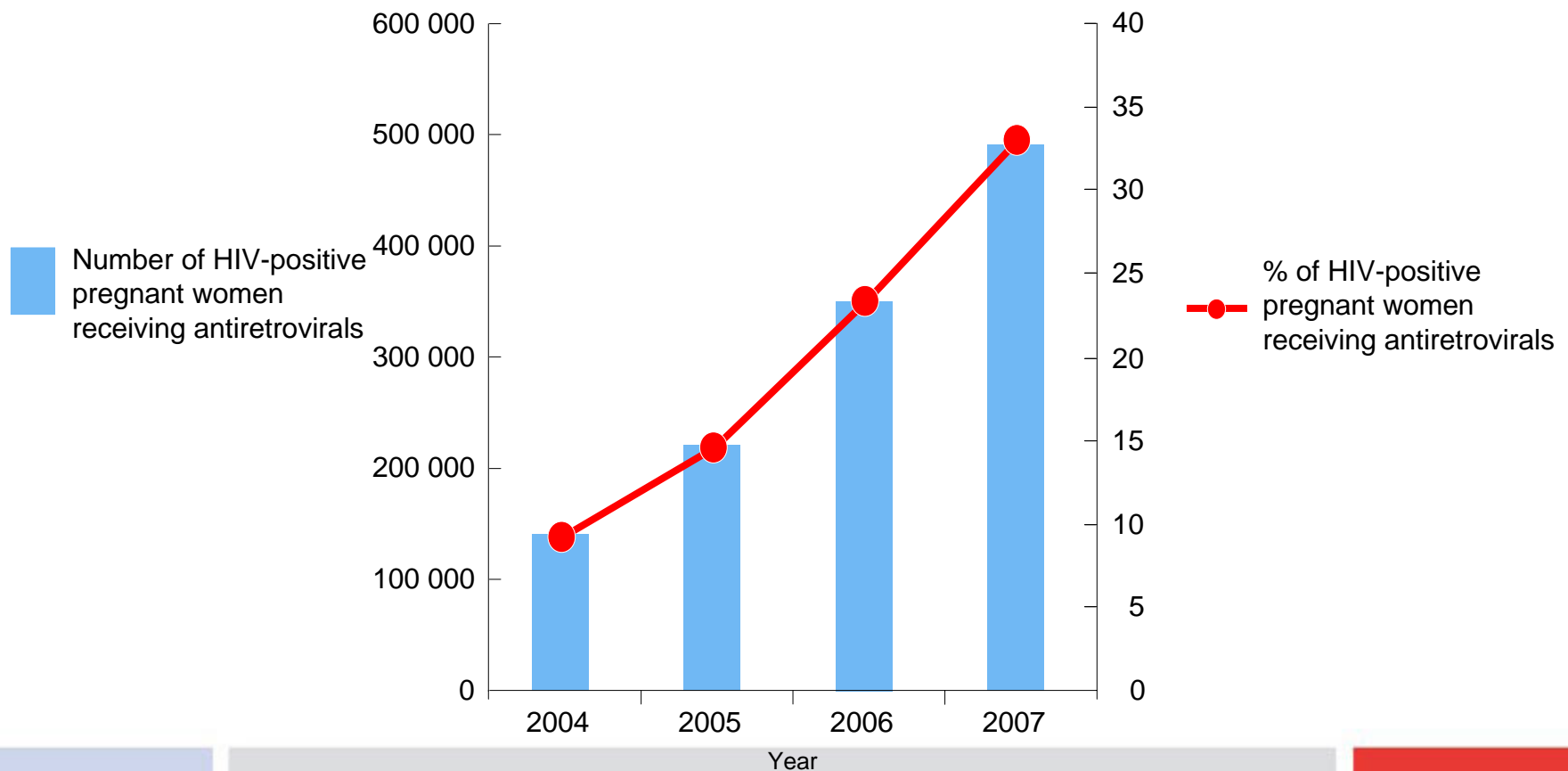


- Number of people living with HIV
- % HIV prevalence, adult (15–49)
- ⌈ ⌋ These bars indicate the range around the estimate

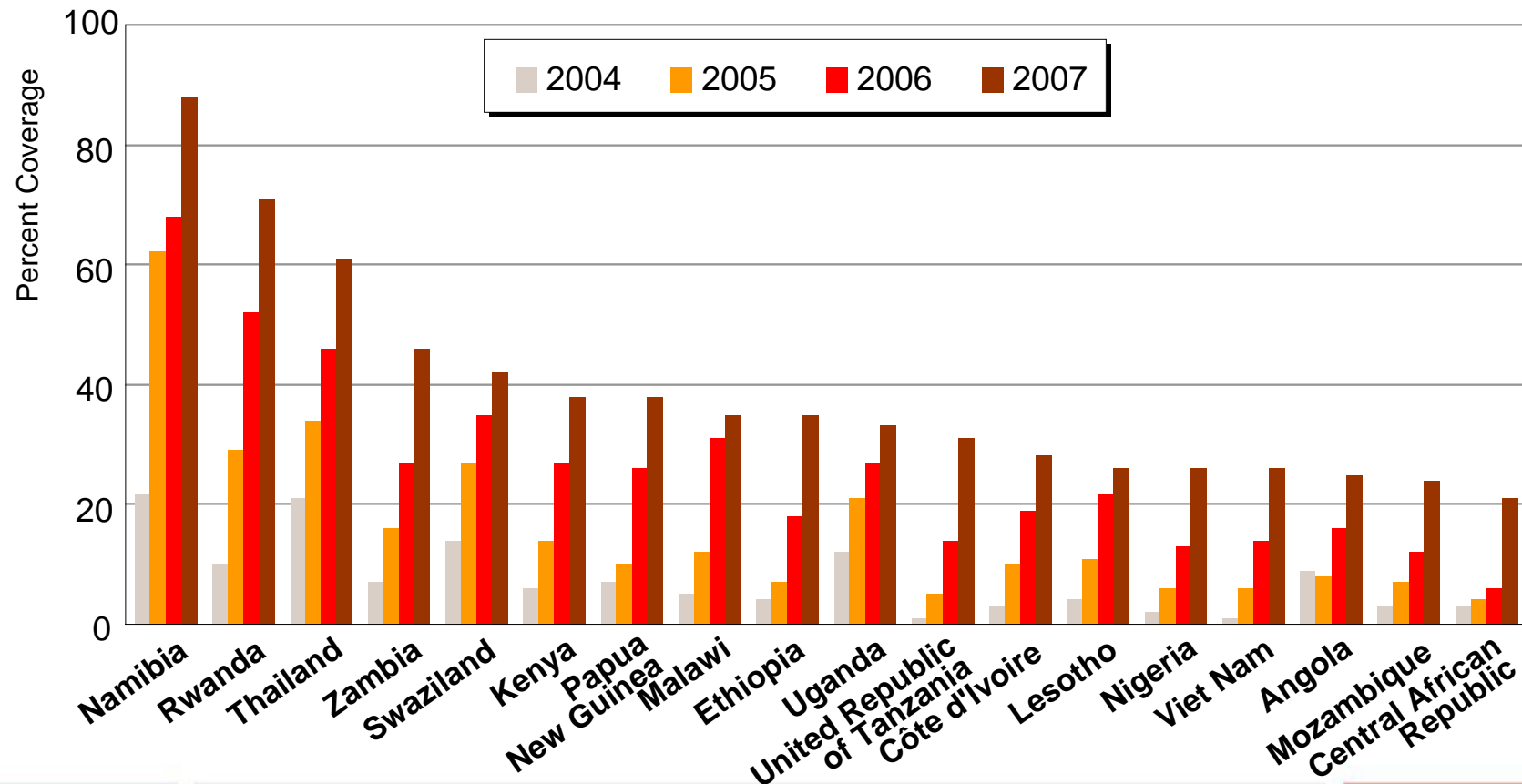
NOTE: Even though the HIV prevalence stabilized in Sub-Saharan Africa, the actual number of people infected continues to grow because of ongoing new infections and increasing access to antiretroviral therapy.



## Number and percentage of HIV-positive pregnant women receiving antiretroviral prophylaxis, 2004–2007



# Scale up of antiretroviral coverage over time select group of generalized and concentrated epidemic countries, 2004-2007



# *Challenges for this evaluation*



- 1. Broader scope to include entire joint programme (11 entities)**
- 2. Primary focus at country level**
- 3. Need to optimize use of existing evaluations (e.g. Global Fund, PEPFAR and « 3x5 » evaluations)**
- 4. Difficult to measure success/failure of UN activities (improved coordination, leadership, advocacy, etc)**
- 5. Mix of historical data analysis and forward thinking recommendations**
- 6. The role of UNAIDS in an evolving environment**
- 7. Dealing with the counterfactual-what would the AIDS response look like if UNAIDS did not exist**
- 8. Actionability/practicality of recommendations**
- 9. Level of detail of recommendations**

